

$$P(Y \geq k) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{a(\delta_k - \theta)}}$$

$$P(Y=0) = 1 - P(Y \geq 1)$$

$$P(Y=1) = P(Y \geq 1) - P(Y \geq 2)$$

$$P(Y=2) = P(Y \geq 2) - P(Y \geq 3)$$

$$P(Y=k) = P(Y \geq k)$$

Intersection Cat 0 and Cat 1

$$P(Y=0) = P(Y=1)$$

$$1 - P(Y \geq 1) = P(Y \geq 1) - P(Y \geq 2)$$

$$1 = 2P(Y \geq 1) - P(Y \geq 2)$$

$$1 = 2 \frac{1}{1 + e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}} - \frac{1}{1 + e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)}}$$

$$1 = \frac{2 + 2e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)} - 1 - e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}}{[1 + e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}][1 + e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)}}$$

$$[1 + e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}][1 + e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)}] = 1 + 2e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)} - e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}$$

$$X + \underbrace{e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)}} + \underbrace{e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}} + e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta) + a(\delta_2 - \theta)} = X + 2 \underbrace{e^{a(\delta_2 - \theta)}} - \underbrace{e^{a(\delta_1 - \theta)}}$$

$$e^{a\delta_1 - a\theta + a\delta_2 - a\theta} = e^{a\delta_2 - a\theta} - 2e^{a\delta_1 - a\theta}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_1 + a\delta_2 - a\theta}}{e^{a\theta}} = \frac{e^{a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} - \frac{2e^{a\delta_1}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$e^{a\delta_1 + a\delta_2 - a\theta} = e^{a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_1}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_1 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} = e^{a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_1}$$

$$e^{a\theta} = \frac{e^{a\delta_1 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_1}}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\ln \left[ \frac{e^{a\delta_1 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_1}} \right]}{a} //$$

# Intersection 'Cot 1 and Cot 2

$$P(Y=1) = P(Y=2)$$

$$P(Y \geq 1) - P(Y \geq 2) = P(Y \geq 2) - P(Y \geq 3)$$

$$P(Y \geq 1) = 2P(Y \geq 2) - P(Y \geq 3)$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_1-\theta)}} = \frac{2}{1+e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}} - \frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_1-\theta)}} = \frac{2 + 2e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} - 1 - e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}}{[1+e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}][1+e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}]}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_1-\theta)}} = \frac{1 + 2e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} - e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}}{1 + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_2-\theta) + a(\delta_3-\theta)}}$$

$$\cancel{1+e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}} + e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)+a(\delta_3-\theta)} = \cancel{1+2e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}} - e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_1-\theta)} + 2e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)+a(\delta_1-\theta)} - e^{a(\delta_1-\theta)+a(\delta_2-\theta)}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} + \frac{e^{a\delta_2+a\delta_3-a\theta}}{e^{a\theta}} = \frac{e^{a\delta_3}}{e^{a\theta}} - \frac{e^{a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} + \frac{e^{a\delta_1}}{e^{a\theta}} + 2 \frac{e^{a\delta_3+a\delta_1-a\theta}}{e^{a\theta}} - \frac{e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_2-a\theta}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$e^{a\delta_2} + \frac{e^{a\delta_2+a\delta_3}}{e^{a\theta}} = e^{a\delta_3} - e^{a\delta_2} + e^{a\delta_1} + 2 \frac{e^{a\delta_3+a\delta_1}}{e^{a\theta}} - \frac{e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_2+a\delta_3}}{e^{a\theta}} + \frac{e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} - 2 \frac{e^{a\delta_3+a\delta_1}}{e^{a\theta}} = e^{a\delta_3} + e^{a\delta_1} - 2e^{a\delta_2}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_2+a\delta_3} + e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_3+a\delta_1}}{e^{a\delta_3} + e^{a\delta_1} - 2e^{a\delta_2}} = e^{a\theta}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\ln \left[ \frac{e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_2} + e^{a\delta_2+a\delta_3} - 2e^{a\delta_1+a\delta_3}}{e^{a\delta_1} + e^{a\delta_3} - 2e^{a\delta_2}} \right]}{a}$$

# Intersection Cat 2 and Cat 3

$$P(Y=2) = P(Y=3)$$

$$P(Y \geq 2) - P(Y \geq 3) = P(Y \geq 3) - P(Y \geq 4)$$

$$P(Y \geq 2) = 2P(Y \geq 3) - P(Y \geq 4)$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}} = \frac{2}{1+e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}} - \frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}} = \frac{2 + 2e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} - 1 - e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}}{[1+e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}][1+e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^{a(\delta_2-\theta)}} = \frac{1 + 2e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} - e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}}{1 + e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta) + a(\delta_4-\theta)}}$$

$$\frac{1 + e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta) + a(\delta_4-\theta)}}{1 + e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta) + a(\delta_4-\theta)}} = \frac{1 + 2e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} - e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)}}{1 + e^{a(\delta_4-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta)} + e^{a(\delta_3-\theta) + a(\delta_4-\theta)}} + 2e^{a(\delta_4-\theta) + a(\delta_2-\theta)} - e^{a(\delta_3-\theta) + a(\delta_2-\theta)}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_3 + a\delta_4}}{e^{a\theta}} = \frac{e^{a\delta_4}}{e^{a\theta}} + \frac{e^{a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} - 2\frac{e^{a\delta_3}}{e^{a\theta}} + 2\frac{e^{a\delta_4 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} - \frac{e^{a\delta_3 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_3 + a\delta_4} + e^{a\delta_3 + a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_4 + a\delta_2}}{e^{a\theta}} = \frac{e^{a\delta_4} + e^{a\delta_2} - 2e^{a\delta_3}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\ln \left[ \frac{e^{a\delta_2 + a\delta_3} + e^{a\delta_3 + a\delta_4} - 2e^{a\delta_2 + a\delta_4}}{e^{a\delta_2} + e^{a\delta_4} - 2e^{a\delta_3}} \right]}{a}$$

Intersection between Cat  $j$  and Cat  $j+1$

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$$Q = \frac{\ln \left[ \frac{e^{a\delta_j + a\delta_{j+1}} + e^{a\delta_{j+1} + a\delta_{j+2}} - 2e^{a\delta_j + a\delta_{j+2}}}{e^{a\delta_j} + e^{a\delta_{j+2}} - 2e^{a\delta_{j+1}}} \right]}{d}$$

Special case when  $a=1$

$$Q = \ln \left[ \frac{e^{\delta_j + \delta_{j+1}} + e^{\delta_{j+1} + \delta_{j+2}} - 2e^{\delta_j + \delta_{j+2}}}{e^{\delta_j} + e^{\delta_{j+2}} - 2e^{\delta_{j+1}}} \right]$$

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Intersection between Cat  $k-1$  and Cat  $k$   $\rightarrow$  highest category.

$$P(Y=(k-1)) = P(Y=k)$$

$$P(Y \geq k-1) - P(Y \geq k) = P(Y \geq k)$$

$$P(Y \geq k-1) = 2P(Y \geq k)$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{a(\delta_{k-1} - \theta)}} = \frac{2}{1 + e^{a(\delta_k - \theta)}}$$

$$1 + e^{a(\delta_k - \theta)} = 2 + 2e^{a(\delta_{k-1} - \theta)}$$

$$\frac{e^{a\delta_k}}{e^{a\theta}} = 1 + 2 \frac{e^{a\delta_{k-1}}}{e^{a\theta}}$$

$$e^{a\delta_k} = e^{a\theta} + 2e^{a\delta_{k-1}}$$

$$e^{a\delta_k} - 2e^{a\delta_{k-1}} = e^{a\theta}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\ln [e^{a\delta_k} - 2e^{a\delta_{k-1}}]}{a}$$

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